

Manažment bezpečnostných informácií a udalostí pre akademický informačný systém

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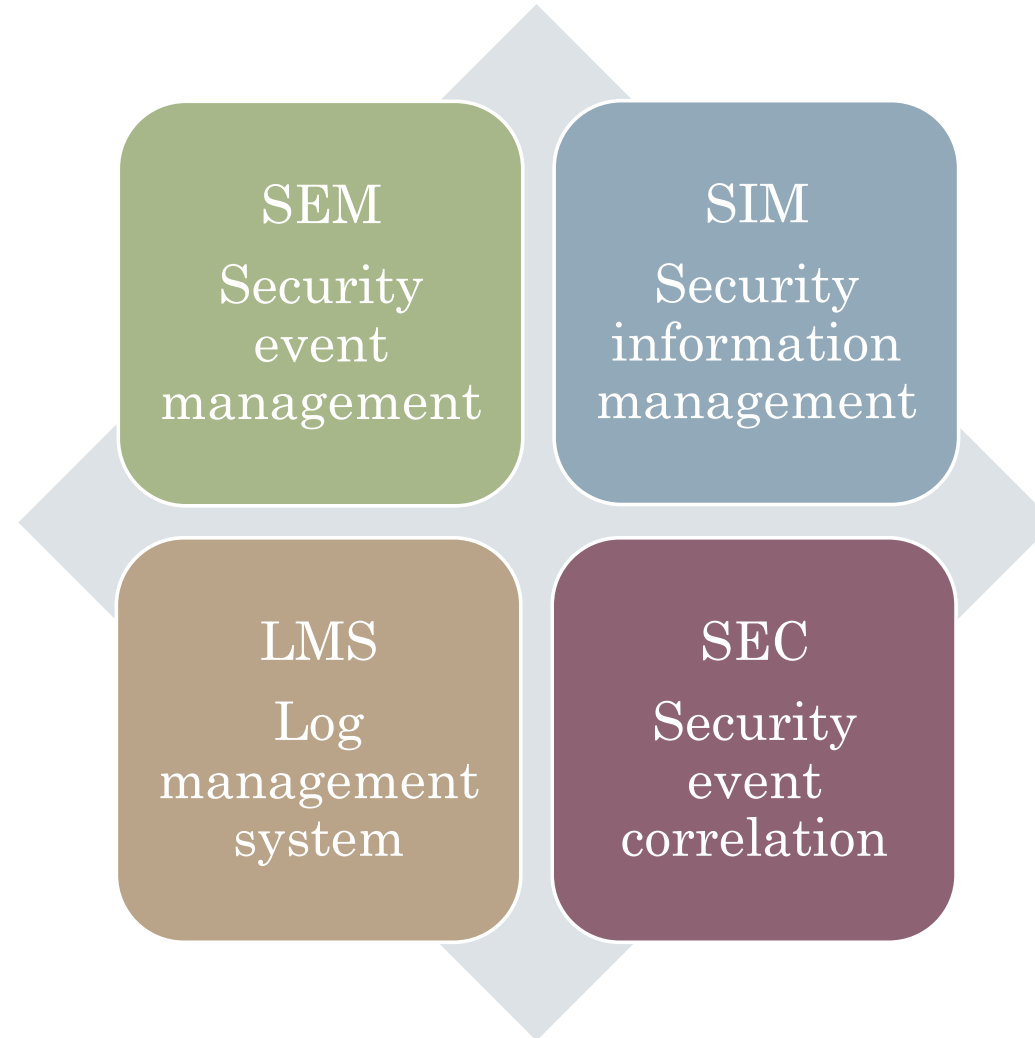
Vedúci práce: RNDr. JUDr. Pavol Sokol, PhD.

Motivácia

- Množstvo hrozieb pre každý informačný systém
 - Krádež, modifikácia, zničenie dát
 - Neoprávnený prístup
- Akademický informačný systém
 - Najkritickejšia infraštruktúra v rámci univerzity
 - Kumulácia množstva osobných údajov

SIEM

Security
Information
and
Event
Management



SIEM

- prístup, ktorý ponúka pozorovanie informačnej bezpečnosti organizácie

Rôzne implementácie:

Elastic

Alien Vault

IBM QRadar

Splunk

Ciele

1. Analýza aktuálnych prístupov k manažmentu bezpečnostných informácií a udalosti (SIEM)
2. Návrh dátového modelu a pravidiel detekcie bezpečnostných hrozieb pre akademický informačný systém zohľadňujúc bezpečnostné riziká podľa ISO/IEC 27000 a MITRE ATT&CK rámec
3. Návrh, implementácia a optimalizácia SIEM systému pre akademický informačný systém

Analýza rizík

ID hrozby	ID zranitelnosti	Zdroj zranitelnosti (aktívum)	Popis zranitelnosti
T01	V01	...	...
T02	V02	...	...
T03	V03	...	...
T04	V04	...	...
T05	V05	...	...
T06	V06	...	...
T07	V07	...	...
T08	V08	...	...
T09	V09	...	...
T10	V10	...	...
T11	V11	...	...
T12	V12	...	...
T13	V13	...	...
T14	V14	...	...
T15	V15	...	...
T16	V16	...	...
T17	V17	...	...
T18	V18	...	...
T19	V19	...	...
T20	V20	...	...
T21	V21	...	...
T22	V22	...	...
T23	V23	...	...
T24	V24	...	...
T25	V25	...	...

MITRE ATT&CK

Initial Access	Execution	Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral Movement	Collection	Command and Control	Exfiltration	Impact
Drive-by Compromise	Command-Line Interface	.bash_profile and .bashrc	Exploitation for Privilege Escalation	Binary Padding	Bash History	Account Discovery	Application Deployment Software	Audio Capture	Commonly Used Port	Automated Exfiltration	Account Access Removal
Exploit Public-Facing Application	Exploitation for Client Execution	Bootkit	Process Injection	Clear Command History	Brute Force	Browser Bookmark Discovery	Exploitation of Remote Services	Automated Collection	Communication Through Removable Media	Data Compressed	Data Destruction
Hardware Additions	Graphical User Interface	Browser Extensions	Setuid and Setgid	Compile After Delivery	Credential Dumping	File and Directory Discovery	Internal Spearphishing	Clipboard Data	Connection Proxy	Data Encrypted	Data Encrypted for Impact
Spearphishing Attachment	Local Job Scheduling	Create Account	Sudo	Connection Proxy	Credentials from Web Browsers	Network Service Scanning	Remote File Copy	Data from Information Repositories	Custom Command and Control Protocol	Data Transfer Size Limits	Defacement
Spearphishing Link	Scripting	Hidden Files and Directories	Sudo Caching	Disabling Security Tools	Credentials in Files	Network Sniffing	Remote Services	Data from Local System	Custom Cryptographic Protocol	Exfiltration Over Alternative Protocol	Disk Content Wipe
Spearphishing via Service	Source	Kernel Modules and Extensions	Valid Accounts	Execution Guardrails	Exploitation for Credential Access	Password Policy Discovery	SSH Hijacking	Data from Network Shared Drive	Data Encoding	Exfiltration Over Command and Control Channel	Disk Structure Wipe
Supply Chain Compromise	Space after Filename	Local Job Scheduling	Web Shell	Exploitation for Defense Evasion	Input Capture	Permission Groups Discovery	Third-party Software	Data from Removable Media	Data Obfuscation	Exfiltration Over Other Network Medium	Endpoint Denial of Service

Elastic

The screenshot displays the Elastic SIEM interface. On the left, there is a sidebar with navigation icons. The main content area is divided into two panels. The top panel, titled "Authentications", shows a table of user authentication statistics. The bottom panel, titled "Uncommon Processes", shows a table of processes. The right panel displays a detailed view of a specific event, including a search bar, filters, and a list of fields. The event details show a session initiated by root on a host named james-honeypot-logstash-demo, where a file path /etc/passwd was accessed using metricbeat.

Authentications
Showing: 2,275 Users

User	Successes	Failures
root	0	20076
admin	0	1083
test	0	436
user	0	242
ahyxmgtv	0	235
oracle	0	214
guest	0	202
appadmin	0	172
app	0	162
ubnt	0	158

Rows: 10

Uncommon Processes
Showing: 145 Processes

Name	Number of Hosts
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Event Details

Search: e.g. host.name: "foo"

Filters: brute force attack, root@honeypot, Notes: 0, Last 24 hours, Show dates, Refresh

Query: user.name: "root"

Fields: @timestamp, message, event.category, event.action, host.name

Event 1: Jun 14, 2019 @ 16:24:41.369, Outbound socket (127.0.0.1:59936 --> 127.0.0.1:9300), socket_opened, james-honeypot-log

Event 2: Jun 14, 2019 @ 16:24:41.214, audit-rule, opened-file, james-honeypot-log

Event 3: Jun 14, 2019 @ 16:24:41.213, audit-rule, opened-file, james-honeypot-log

Event 4: Jun 14, 2019 @ 16:24:41.212, audit-rule, opened-file, james-honeypot-log

Event 5: Jun 14, 2019 @ 16:24:41.212, audit-rule, opened-file, james-honeypot-log

25 of 10729952 Events [Load More](#) Updated now

Odporúčaná literatúra

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2. COLLINS, Michael. Network Security Through Data Analysis: From Data to Action. O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2017.
3. STROM, Blake E., et al. Finding cyber threats with ATT&CK-based analytics. Technical Report MTR170202, MITRE, 2017.

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